The Next Generation of Ambulatory Surgery Growth Opportunities for ASC's

Jeffry Peters, CEO Surgical Directions October 18, 2018

Objectives

We hope you walk away knowing...



Best surgical sub-specialties to focus on transitioning to an ambulatory basis



Opportunities for future growth



Key strategies for making your ASC successful in this dynamic landscape "We can't solve the problems of healthcare with incremental add-on solutions; we have to change the very structure of how we deliver and think about healthcare"

Michael Porter PhD



Current State & Trends



Growth Opportunities



Ambulatory Reimbursement



Case Study: HIFU

What's needed for success

AGENDA

Current State: Ambulatory surgery volume is growing

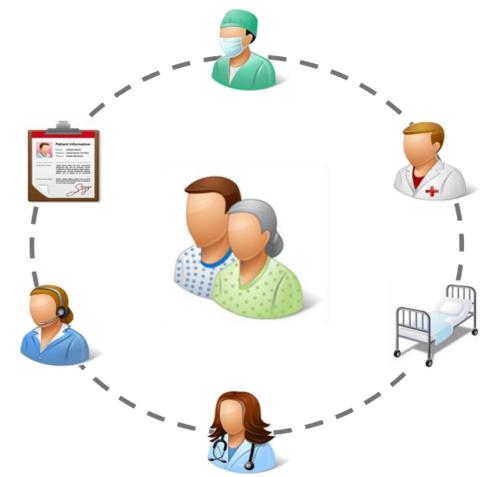
Advancements in technology **65%** of all surgeries are performed on an ambulatory basis



Payer pressures

The range of ambulatory procedures is expanding

- Ear, Nose, & Throat
- Eye
- Excision of lesion/Tissue
- Gastrointestinal
- Musculoskeletal
- Nerve Treatments
- Plastics

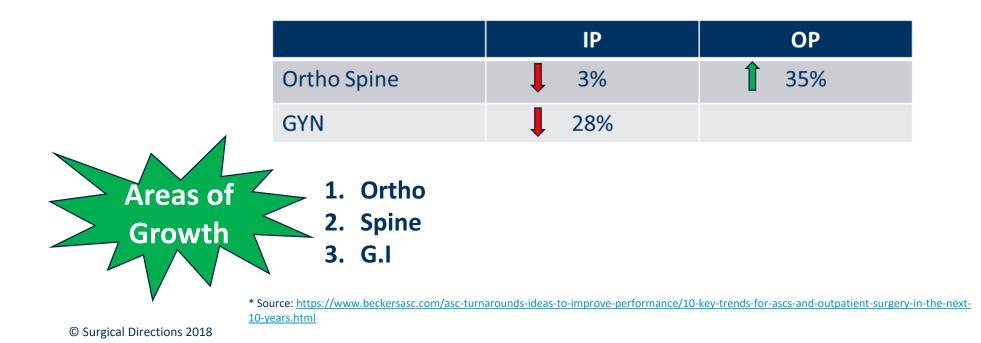


Successful ambulatory surgery centers (ASC) have specific characteristics

Depth of Specialty
Diagnostic Capabilities
Access to capacity
Value Based Focus

ASC growth is expected to continue through 2022*

- Inpatient discharges are expected to decrease by 2%
- Outpatient volume grows 15%
- Outpatient surgery is expected to see an 11% increase 2018-2022



Growth can come from broadening of procedures, specialties, technology, or enhancing value

- Orthopedics/Spine
- Energizing Technology
- Specialty Focus
 - Diagnosis
 - Treatment
 - Rehabilitation
- Value Based Care
 - Clinical Outcome
 - Patient Satisfaction
 - Cost

Surgeon owned ASCs are prime acquisition targets for hospitals

- Original investor practices maturing with limited opportunity to cash out
- Younger surgeons not as interested in investments
- Center's future success depends increasingly on investment in high cost technology such as MRI equipment

There are three obvious areas for hospitals to focus on to drive outpatient volume



Different ambulatory procedures offer different financial opportunity

Practice Area	Procedure	Demand	Margin		
Ouktholmology	Vitrectomy				
Ophthalmology	Corneal Transplant				
Gynecology	Laparoscopic Hysterectomy				
Cananal Company	Hernia Repair				
General Surgery	Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy				
Vascular	Access				
Orthopedic	Total Joint Replacement				
	Mini Laminectomies				
Neurosurgery	Herniated Disc Excision				
	One Level Anterior Cervical Discectomy & Fusion				
ENT	Simple Thyroidectomy				
Urology	Prostatectomy				
Urology	High Intensity Focused Ultrasound				



Ambulatory surgery volume growth saves CMS money because of the difference in HOPD and freestanding reimbursement...

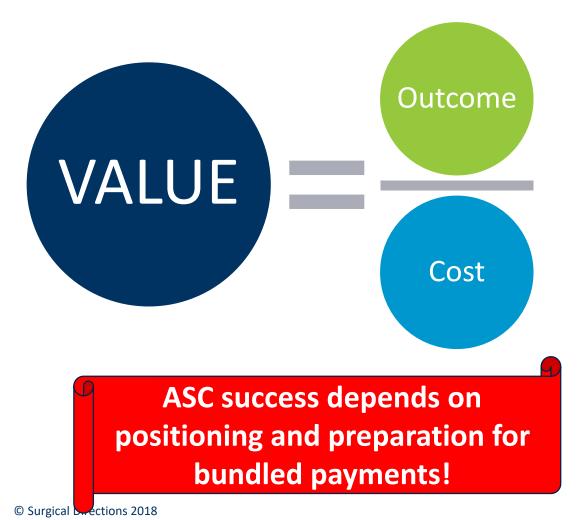
Illustrative Reimbursement Rates:

	Impatient	Outpatient	Saving	% Saved
ТКА	\$12,384	\$10,122	\$2,262	18.2%

... However, Reimbursement impacts the decision for hospitals to consider a Joint Venture:

HOPD reimbursement 45% more than free standing ASC!

Success with government and private payors depends on proving value



 Patients and payers shift focus to *value*

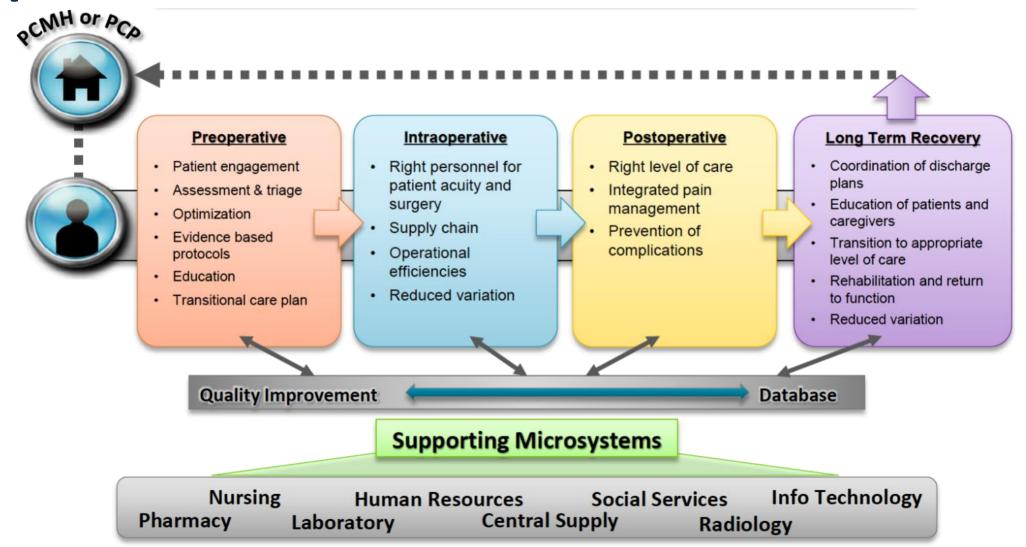
Decreased cost *cannot result* in a decrease in outcomes

Commercial payers encourage bundled payment reimbursement for an increasing number of procedures

- Surgical Bundles include reimbursement for all services required for a single, predefined episode of care. For example:
 - Facility (ASC)
 - Anesthesia
 - Surgeon
 - Post-Op Care for 90 Days (e.g., SNF, home nurse, physical therapy)



Bundled payments cover the entire episode of care



Bundled payment models require standardization

Total Knee Replacement	Benchmark*	Provider A	Provider B		
Volume	21,966	516	236		
Mortality	0.10%	0.00%	0.42%		
30 Day Readmissions	3.65%	3.11%	9.79%		
Complications	10.69%	7.36%	15.25%		
Direct Cost per Case	\$12,041	\$11,899	\$14,038		
Patient Satisfaction	Top Decile	92%	86%		

Variation precludes organizations from:

- Being prepared to offer competitive pricing for bundled payment
- X Taking on financial risk of managing the health outcome of a community

Case Study...

SITUATION

Hospital in the Southeast wants to capture more volume from an independent group of 100 surgeons.

BACKGROUND

- Prostate cancer is the third leading cause of cancer death in American men.*
- Historic Options:
 - Diligent Observation
 - Radical Prostatectomy
 - Radiation

A new FDA-approved alternative opens the door to an ambulatory offering: High Intensity Focused Ultrasound (HIFU)

Case Study ... (cont.)

- > HIFU is a Medicare-reimbursed procedure
- Significant reduction in complications relative to Prostatectomy because prostate lesion is treated with high frequency ultrasound
- Procedure information:
 - Time: 90-120 minutes
 - Anesthesia: General
 - **Post-op** → **discharge:** 2 hours

Case Study ... (cont.)

- The majority of patients pay \$25,000 for the surgery, anesthesiologist, and facility fee.
- The ASC assists with billing Medicare and any third party payer.

HIFU, per procedure

	C	ommercial	Medicare		
Fee	\$	15,000	\$	7,500	
Facility Cost	\$	2,800	\$	2,800	
Fee for Device and Disposables	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	
Total Direct Cost	\$	8,300	\$	8,300	
Gross Margin	\$	6,700	\$	(800)	

Case Study ... (cont.)

HIFU Procedures in August 2017

12 Commercial patients @ \$15k each	+ \$180,000
12 Medicare patients @ \$7500 each	+ \$90,000
Facility Costs	- \$67,200
Device and Disposable Costs	- \$132,000
Gross Margin	\$70,800

HIFU reflects current trends in Ambulatory Surgery

- Alternative to invasive impatient procedure
- Emerging technology
- Integration of surgery & diagnostic imaging

Success managing ambulatory surgery volumes depends on several factors



- Physician Leadership
- Commitment of Resources
- Data Dissemination



- Pre-Surgical Optimization
- Daily Huddle
- Enhanced Recovery After Surgery



PATIENT ENGAGEMENT

- Communication of Expectations
- Technology Tools
- Pre-Procedure Education

Successful ASC's are passionate about ensuring value and that they are optimized

Clinical

- Unanticipated admission to hospital
- Pain
- PONU
- Functional Status
- Patient Satisfaction
 - Communication
 - Check In
 - Explanation of anesthesia process
 - Discharge instructions
 - Patient Advocacy (OASCAHPS)

Strong ASC governance is essential

- Physician Leadership: Form a Multidisciplinary Committee
- Commitment of Resources: Invest in Staff, Equipment
- Data Dissemination: Share Data with Surgeons in a Transparent Way

	FY'13 Nov'15-Oct'						
	Volume						
	236	199					
	Mort	tality					
	Benchma	rk - 0.10%					
	0.42%	0.00%					
	30 Day Readmissions						
ш	Benchmark - 3.65%						
Provider	9.79% 2.51%						
2	Complications						
•	Benchmark - 10.69%						
	15.25%	5.03%					
	LOS						
	Benchmark - 3.24						
	3.86 2.54						
	Direct Cost per Case						
	\$14,038	\$10,170					

		Volume		Mortality		30 Day Readmissions		Complications		LOS		Direct Cost per Case	
		FY'13	Nov'15-Oct'16	FY'13	Nov'15-Oct'16	FY'13	Nov'15-Oct'16	FY'13	Nov'15-Oct'16	FY'13	Nov'15-Oct'16	FY'13	Aug'16-Oc'16
/THA	Organization	2,180	2,260	0.27%	0.00%	5.25%	2.43%	9.99%	6.77%	3.34	2.13	\$12,163	\$10,064
	Benchmark*	NA		0.1	.0%	3.65%		10.69%		3.24		NA	
	Provider A	516	533	0.00%	0.00%	3.11%	2.06%	7.36%	4.69%	2.75	1.49	\$11,899	\$9,702
	Provider B	338	391	0.00%	0.00%	6.51%	2.99%	10.36%	7.88%	3.34	2.01	\$12,092	\$10,892
	Provider C	341	448	0.59%	0.00%	3.54%	2.68%	6.73%	8.04%	3.51	2.56	\$12,855	\$10,340
	Provider D	309	391	0.32%	0.00%	4.22%	1.28%	11.65%	6.91%	3.05	2.07	\$9,932	\$9,215
	Provider E	236	199	0.42%	0.00%	9.79%	2.51%	15.25%	5.03%	3.86	2.54	\$14,038	\$10,170

*Benchmark based on Premier Top Performing Hips/Knees Centers

TKA/1

CLINICAL REDESIGN

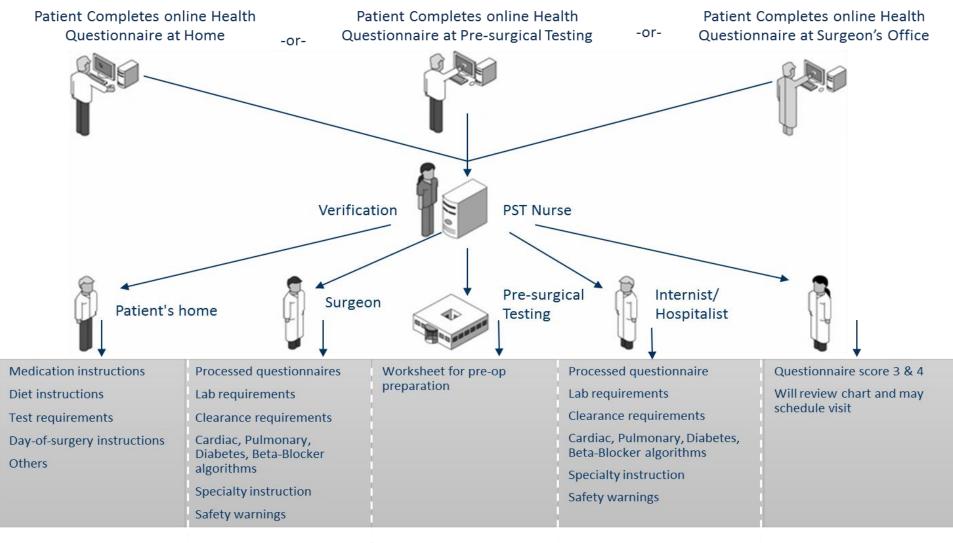
- Pre-Surgical Optimization: Coordinate Care Continuum
- Daily Huddle: Prepare to Care for the Patient
- Enhanced Recovery After Surgery: Implement Best Practice



Coordination of care is the heart of clinical redesign to shift surgical volume

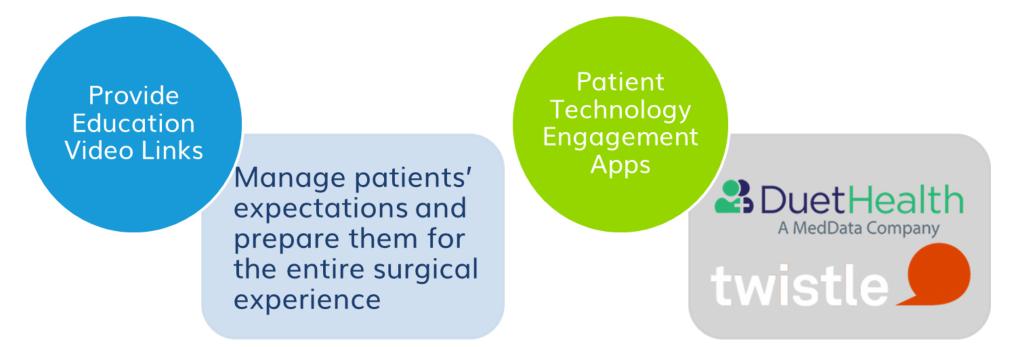


Pre-Surgical optimization is a key element in clinical redesign



Patient engagement is critically important

- Communication of expectations: Messaging should be consistent
- Technology tools: Utilize technology to remind & monitor patients
- Pre-procedure education: Provide education multiple ways, multiple times



What's next: Critical questions to answer

- 1. What services will give our facility a competitive advantage?
- 2. What cluster of procedures will offer a specialty focus?
- 3. What volume of procedures by surgeon can we expect?
- 4. Which payers will approve an ASC setting?
- 5. How should we manage patient responsibilities (e.g., pre-surgical payments, at-home preparation, post-op rehabilitation)?
- 6. Are clinical providers motivated to manage their more complicated procedures and patients?
- 7. What capital, people, and clinical processes need to be changed?
- 8. Is the financial return worth the capital risk?

Thank You!



Jeff Peters CEO, Surgical Directions – a MEDNAX Company

jpeters@surgicaldirections.com

312-330-6800

Visit us at: <u>Surgical Directions</u>

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